



First conditional = Type I	Second Conditional = Type II
<p><b>A. Form:</b></p> <p><i>If + Present Simple + will (or 'll)</i></p> <p>Ex: If I <b>see</b> Ann, I'll invite her</p> <p><b>B. Use:</b></p> <p>We use this structure to talk about things that are <u>possible</u> in the future.</p> <p><b>UNLESS = IF NOT</b></p> <p>* In conditional sentences <u>unless</u> means the same as <u>if not / except if</u></p> <p>Ex: I can't see <u>if I don't</u> wear glasses.</p> <p>I can't see <u>unless</u> I wear glasses.</p>	<p><b>A. Form:</b></p> <p><i>If + Past Simple + would (or 'd)</i></p> <p>Ex: If he <u>worked</u> less, he 'd enjoy life more</p> <p><b>B. Use:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>We use this structure to talk about the present, and to <u>imagine something different from the real situation now</u></li> </ol> <p><b>Ex:</b> If Shakespeare <b>was</b> alive today, what <b>would</b> he <b>write</b> about? (Shakespeare isn't alive today)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>We can also use the second conditional to talk about an <u>unlikely situation</u> in the future.</li> </ol> <p><b>Ex:</b> If all the ice in the world <b>melted</b>, many coastal towns <b>would disappear</b>.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To give advice <u>If I were you</u></li> </ol> <p><b>Ex:</b> If I <b>were</b> you, I'd go to the police.</p> <p>(<b>NOT</b> If I was you....)</p>